
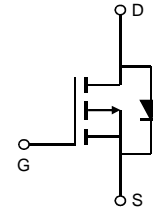
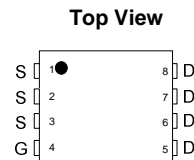
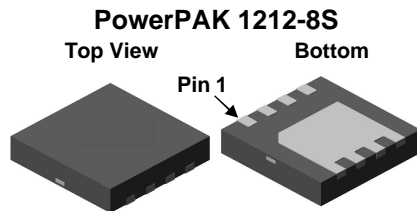


# SISS27DN-T1-GE3

## 30V P-Channel MOSFET

<p><b>General Description</b></p> <p>The SISS27DN uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent <math>R_{DS(ON)}</math> with low gate charge. This device is ideal for load switch and battery protection applications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant</li> </ul>	<p><b>Product Summary</b></p> <table> <tr> <td><math>V_{DS}</math></td> <td>-30V</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>I_D</math> (at <math>V_{GS} = -10V</math>)</td> <td>-50A</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>R_{DS(ON)}</math> (at <math>V_{GS} = -10V</math>)</td> <td>&lt; 6.2m<math>\Omega</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>R_{DS(ON)}</math> (at <math>V_{GS} = -6V</math>)</td> <td>&lt; 8.9m<math>\Omega</math></td> </tr> </table> <p>100% UIS Tested 100% <math>R_g</math> Tested</p> <div style="text-align: right;">  </div>	$V_{DS}$	-30V	$I_D$ (at $V_{GS} = -10V$ )	-50A	$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = -10V$ )	< 6.2m $\Omega$	$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = -6V$ )	< 8.9m $\Omega$
$V_{DS}$	-30V								
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS} = -10V$ )	-50A								
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = -10V$ )	< 6.2m $\Omega$								
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = -6V$ )	< 8.9m $\Omega$								



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 25$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-50
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	-39
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-210	A
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	-25
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	-20
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}, I_{AS}$	-44	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}, E_{AS}$	97	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	83
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	33
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	6.25
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	4
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	16	20	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>				
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.1	1.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1 -5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=\pm 25\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.7	-2.2	-2.8	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-210			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		5.1 7.6	6.2 9.2	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-6\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$		7.1	8.9	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=-10\text{A}$		10.7		$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$		46		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.7	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				-50	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	1960	2450	2940	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		380	550	720	pF
$C_{riss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		220	370	520	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	7	14	28	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $I_D=-20\text{A}$	33	42	51	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge		16	21	26	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge		5.5	7	8.5	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge		7	12	17	nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $R_L=0.75\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		9.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			10		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			104		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			78		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-20\text{A}$ , $di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	20	25	30	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-20\text{A}$ , $di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	37	47	57	nC

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$   $t \leq 10\text{s}$  value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by package.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

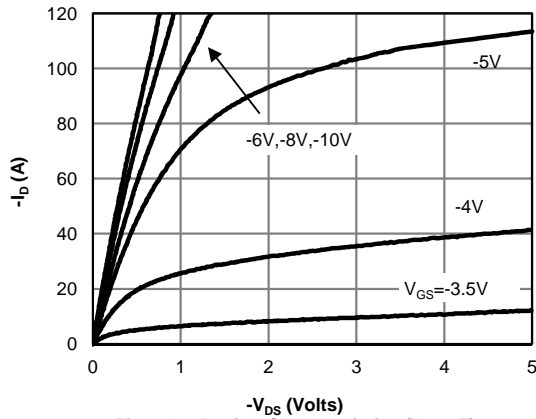


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

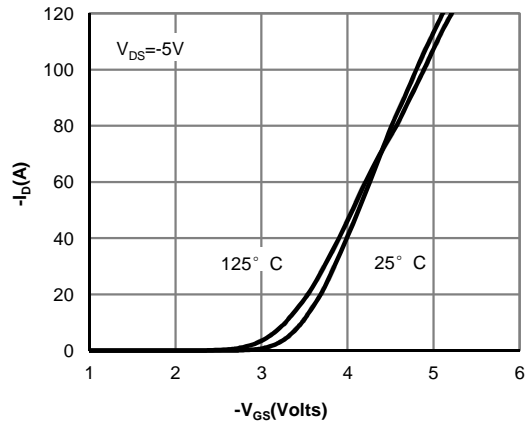


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

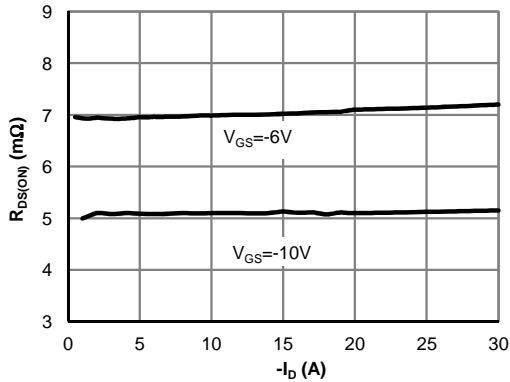


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

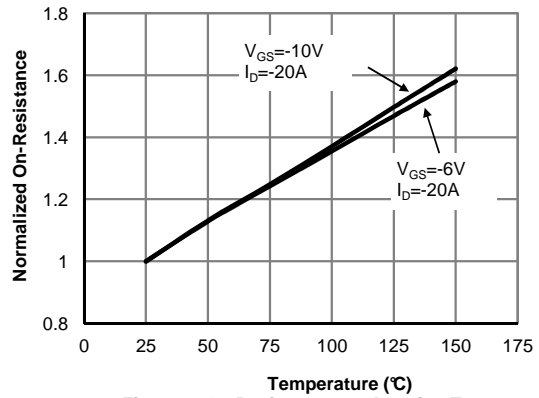


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

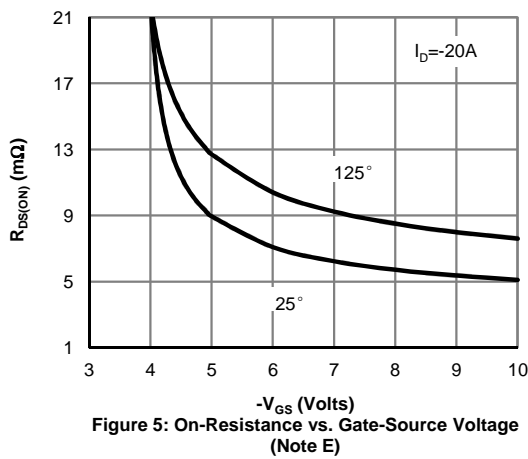


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

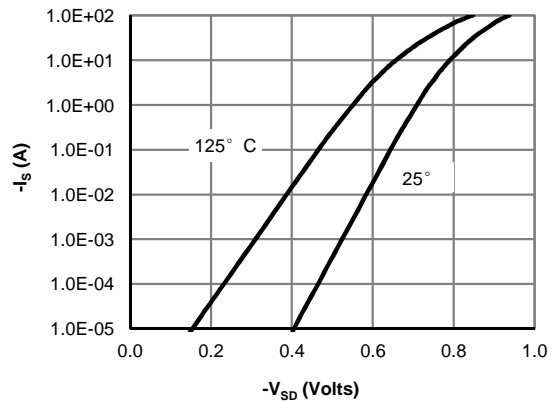


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

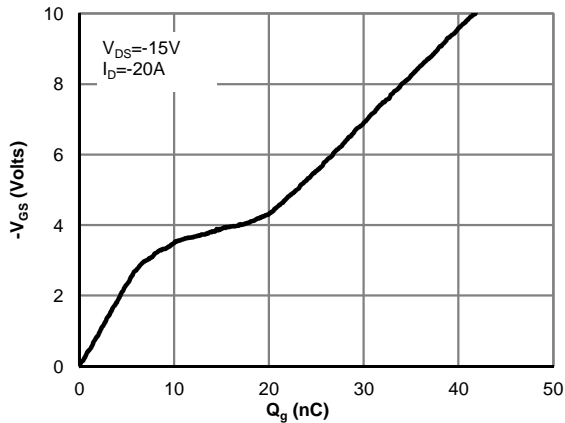


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

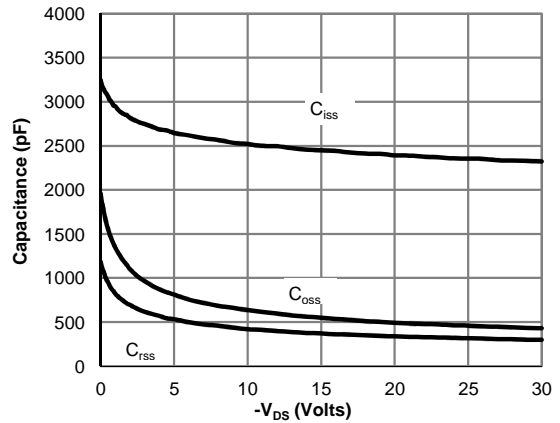


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

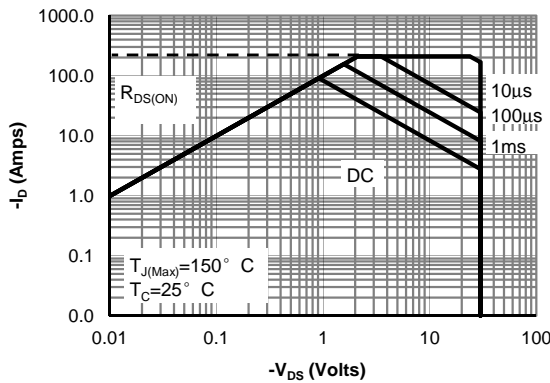


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

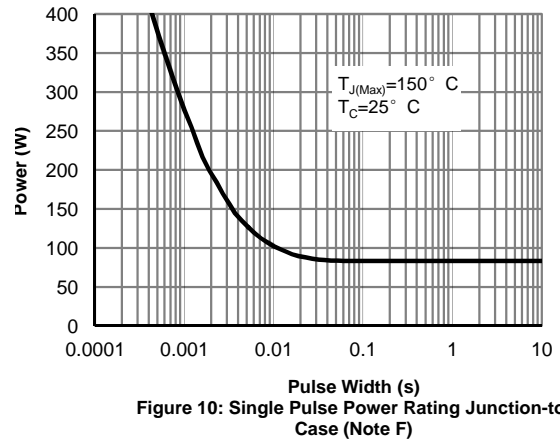


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

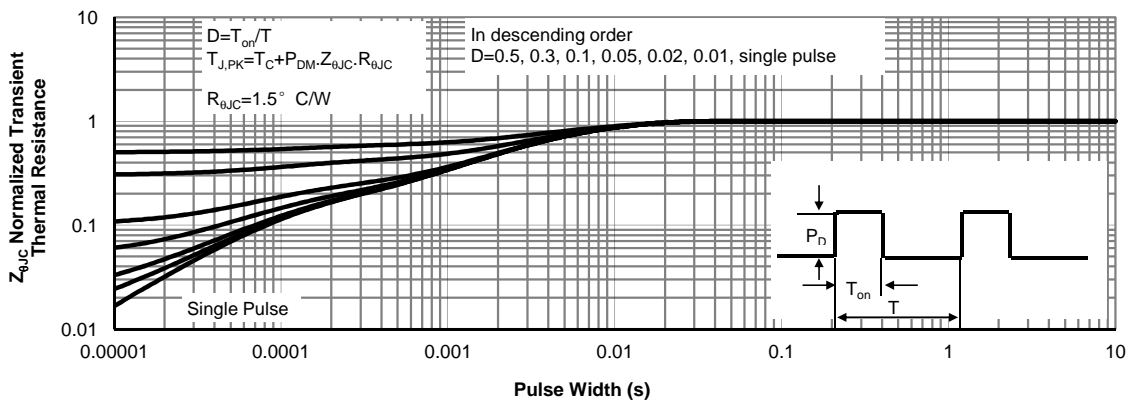


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

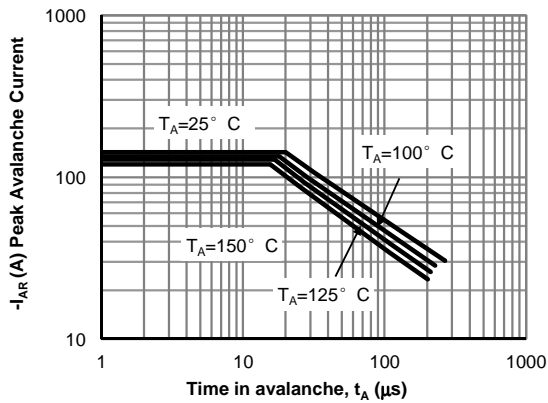


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability (Note C)

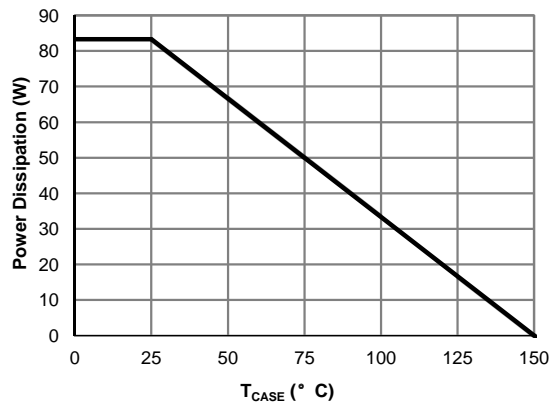


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note F)

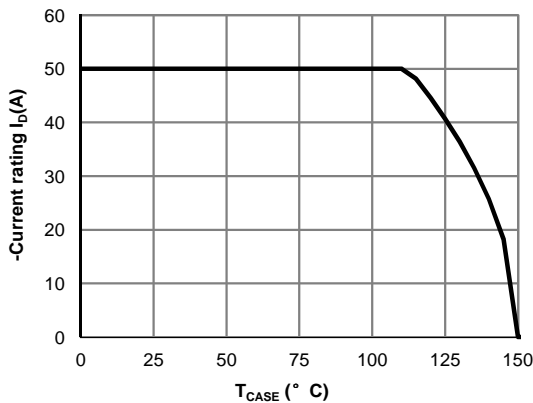


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note F)

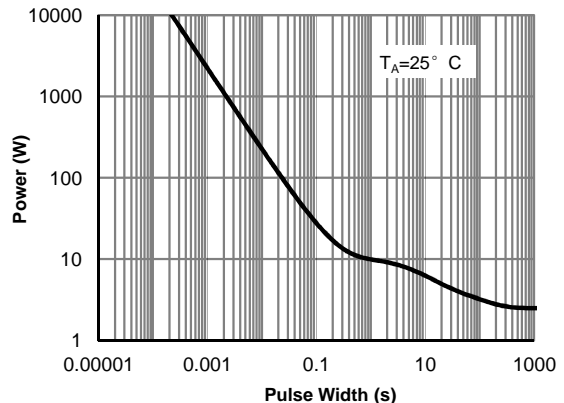


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

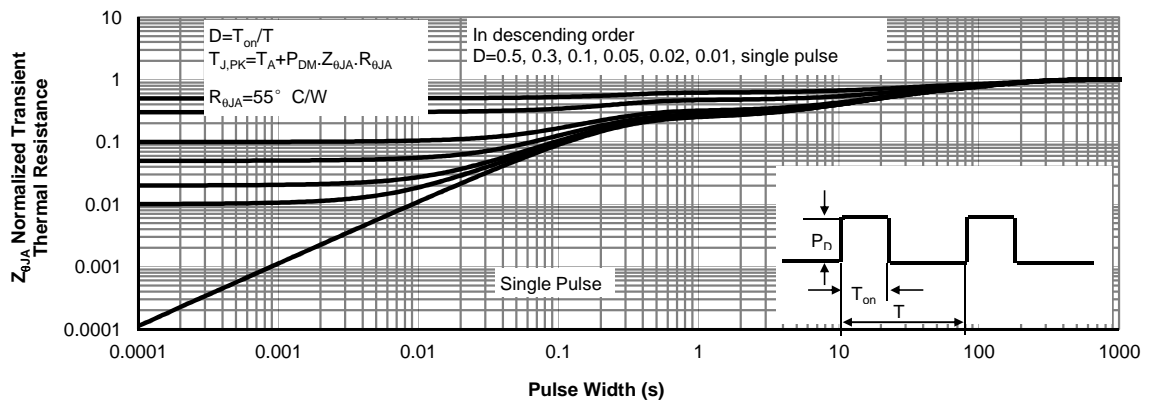
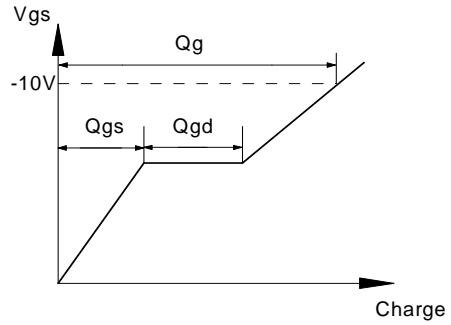
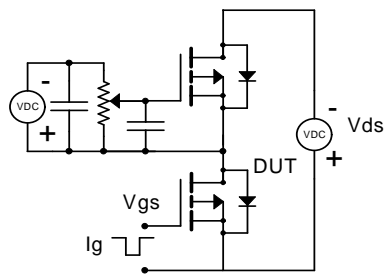
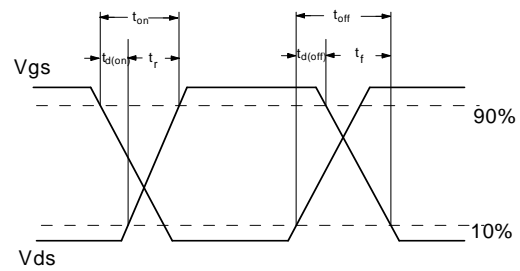
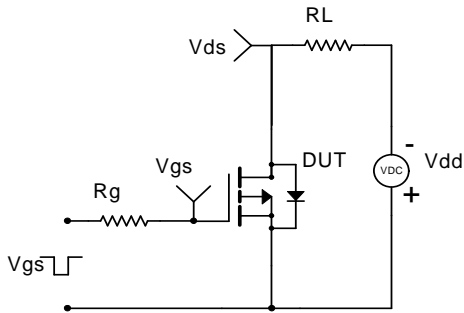


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

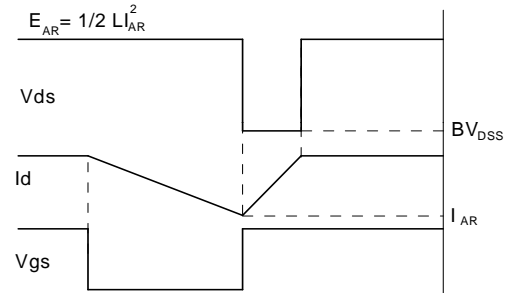
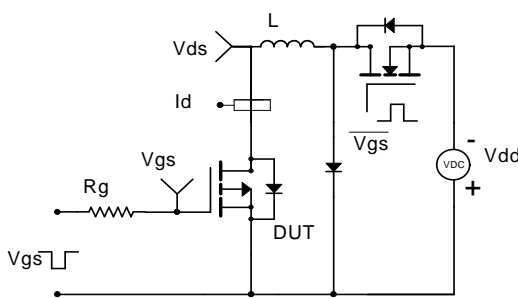
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

